In Year 1 children will be taught to:	
<u>Areas of study</u>	Chronological Understanding
Changes within living memory - family history	 Understand the difference between things that happened in the
The lives of significant individuals / Significant people in their	past and the present
own locality – Explorers, John Cabot, space exploration	 Describe things that happened to themselves or others in the
 Significant historical events, people and places in own locality - 	past
Bristol castle, house timeline, changes to Bristol	Order a set of events or objects
	Sequence events in chronological order on a timeline
	• Use words and phrases such as: now, yesterday, last year, when I
	was younger, a long time ago, before I was born, when my
	parents were young
Knowledge and Understanding	Historical Interpretation
• Know and recount <i>some</i> facts about people and events before	Identify different ways of learning about the past
living memory	• Look at books, videos, photographs, pictures and artefacts to find
• Discuss effects of events studied (suggest reasons for why people	out about the past
may have acted as they did)	
Historical Enquiry	Organisation and Communication
Identify ways in which the past is represented	 Sort objects or events into groups (e.g. then and now)
 Explore events, look at photographs/pictures and ask questions 	 Use timelines to order events or objects (2D and 3D)
(e.g. "Which things are old and which are new?" or "What were	Tell stories about the past (oral or written)
people doing?"	Talk, write and draw about things from the past
• Look at objects from the past, ask questions and try to answer	
them	

In Year 2 children will be taught to:	
 Areas of study Changes within living memory – seaside Events beyond living memory – Great Fire of London The lives of significant individuals – Florence Nightingale, Queen Samuel Pepys 	 Chronological Understanding Understand the words past and present when telling others about an event Understand how to put people, events and objects in chronological order, using a variety of scales Use a timeline to place important events Sequence artefacts, events, photos etc of different periods
 Knowledge and Understanding Use information to describe the past beyond living memory Recount a significant event in history Describe the differences between then and now Look at evidence to give and explain reasons why people in the past may have acted as they did (show <i>empathy</i> and understanding) Describe similarities and differences between events 	 Historical Interpretation Use books, pictures, stories, eye witness accounts, photographs, artefacts, historic buildings, museums, galleries, historical sites and the Internet to find out about the past Recognise different ways of learning about the past Compare different sources
 Historical Enquiry Identify ways in which the past is represented Ask questions about the past Use a wide range of information to answer questions Begin to discuss the effectiveness of sources 	 Organisation and Communication Describe objects, people or events in history Use timelines to order events or objects or to place significant people Communicate ideas about people, objects or events from the past in speaking, writing, drawing, role-play, storytelling, annotated photographs and using ICT

In Year 3 children will be taught to:	
 Areas of study Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain The achievements of the earliest civilisations – Ancient Egypt Knowledge and Understanding Use sources to find out about everyday lives Use evidence to describe the culture and leisure activities from the past Use evidence to describe the clothes, way of life and actions of people in the past. Use these to think of reasons for actions. Use evidence to describe buildings and their uses of people from the past Compare these to today 	 Chronological Understanding Understand that a timeline can be divided into BC and AD Use a timeline to place historical events in chronological order Describe dates of and order significant events from the period studied Historical Interpretation Explore the idea that there are different accounts of history Compare different sources and evaluate usefulness Look at sources as representations of a period
 Historical Enquiry Ask a variety of questions and find answers about the past Identify a range of sources Use documents, printed sources, the Internet, databases, pictures, photographs, music, artefacts, historic buildings, visits to museums and galleries and visits to sites as evidence about the past Select appropriate sources and record information 	 Organisation and Communication Communicate ideas about the past using different genres of writing, drawing, diagrams, data-handling, drama, storytelling, annotated photographs and ICT

In Year 4 children will be taught to:	
 Areas of study Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England 	 Chronological Understanding Understand that a timeline can be divided into BC and AD Order significant events and dates on a timeline Describe the main changes in a period in history Recognise that past is divided into different periods of time
 Knowledge and Understanding Identify key features and events from periods studied Use evidence to describe what was important to people from the past Use evidence to show how the lives of rich and poor people from the past differed Describe similarities and differences between people, events and artefacts studied Describe how some of the things I have studied from the past affect/influence life today 	 Use terms related to the period Historical Interpretation Look at different versions of the same event in history and identify differences Know that people in the past represent events or ideas in a way that persuades others Begin to evaluate the usefulness of sources
 Historical Enquiry Use evidence to build up a picture Choose relevant sources Use documents, printed sources (e.g. archive materials), the Internet, databases, pictures, photographs, music, artefacts, historic buildings, visits to museums or galleries and visits to sites to collect evidence about the past Ask a variety of questions and find answers about the past 	 Organisation and Communication Select relevant information and organise findings Answer historical questions Communicate ideas about the past using different genres of writing, drawing, diagrams, data-handling, drama, storytelling and ICT

In Year 5 children will be taught to:

Areas of study Chronological Understanding • A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' Order significant events, movements and dates on a timeline chronological knowledge beyond 1066 - The Victorians Order and sequence the period studied with other A study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the events/periods western world Describe the main changes in a period in history • Understand how some historical events occurred concurrently in different locations Knowledge and Understanding Historical Interpretation Choose reliable sources of information to find out about the past • Understand that some evidence from the past is propaganda, Give own reasons why changes may have occurred, supported by opinion or misinformation and that this affects interpretations of history evidence Describe similarities and differences between some people, • Give reasons why there may be different accounts of history Evaluate evidence to choose the most reliable forms events and artefacts studied Describe how historical events studied affect/influence life today Evaluate evidence in terms of fact, fiction or opinion. How do we Compare some of the features of past societies know what is fact? Examine causes and impact of great events Organisation and Communication **Historical Enquiry** Use documents, printed sources, the Internet, databases, • Communicate ideas about the past using different genres of pictures, photographs, music, artefacts, historic buildings, writing, drawing, diagrams, data-handling, drama, storytelling museums and galleries and visits to sites to collect evidence and using ICT Choose relevant sources of evidence to answer questions, Plan and present a self-directed project or research about the realising that there is not often a single answer to historical studied period (individual or group) • Use appropriate terms questions Investigate own lines of enquiry by posing questions to answer Using evidence to build up a picture

In Year 6 children will be taught to:

Identifying primary and secondary sources

Araac	ot ctudy	
Aleas	of study	

- A non-European society that provides contrast with British history Mayan civilisation
- A local history study slavery
- A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 - History of Medicine

Chronological Understanding

- Order significant events, movements and dates on a timeline
- Identify and compare changes within and across different periods
- Understand how some historical events occurred concurrently in different locations

Knowledge and Understanding

- Choose reliable sources of information to find out about the past
- Give reasons why changes may have occurred, supported by evidence
- Describe similarities and differences between some people, events and artefacts studied
- Describe how some of the things studied from the past affect/influence life today
- Make links and comparisons between some of the features of past societies and periods

Historical Interpretation

- Evaluate evidence to choose the most reliable forms
- Know that people have a point of view and that this can affect interpretation
- Give clear reasons why there may be different accounts of history, linking this to factual understanding of the past
- Link sources how were conclusions arrived at?

Historical Enquiry

- Use documents, printed sources, the Internet, databases, pictures, photographs, music, artefacts, historic buildings, museums and galleries and visits to sites to collect evidence
- Choose relevant sources of evidence to answer questions, realising that there is not often a single answer to historical questions
- Notice where there might be omissions and identify ways of finding out what's missing
- Investigate own lines of enquiry by posing questions to answer
- Recognise primary and secondary sources
- Bring sources together to inform knowledge to create a fluent account

Organisation and Communication

- Communicate ideas, knowledge and understanding about the past using different genres of writing, drawing, diagrams, data-handling, drama, story-telling and using ICT
- Plan and present a self-directed project or research about the period studied